TET-311-EM/TM

Time: 2 Hours, 30 Minutes

Max. Marks: 150

Instructions to the candidates:

1. Write your Hall Ticket number in the box provided at the left side of the booklet immediately after receiving the Test Booklet.

2. Check whether the Test Booklet contains as many pages as are printed on the top of this page.

3. Check whether all pages are printed properly. Do not remove any pages from the Test Booklet.

4. Indicate your answers on the given OMR answer sheet only. Read the instructions given on both sides of the OMR answer sheet and follow them accordingly. Do not write the answers in the Test Booklet.

5. This Test Booklet consists of 150 multiple choice questions. Answer all questions. Each question carries one (1) mark only.

6. Do not do any rough work in the Test Booklet. Use only the white paper provided at the end of the question booklet for rough work.

7. After completion of the examination, hand over the OMR answer sheet to the Hall Superintendent without fail.

8. Candidate will not be permitted to leave the examination hall till the completion of the stipulated examination time.
1. Aptitude test is meant for measuring the ..................
   (1) achievements
   (2) interests
   (3) abilities
   (4) intelligence

2. More effective one among the following is ..................
   (1) learning to learn
   (2) learning from a tuition master
   (3) learning from textbooks
   (4) learning from school teacher

3. One of the performance tests of intelligence is ..................
   (1) Binet–Simon test
   (2) Raven’s progressive matrices test
   (3) Army alpha test
   (4) Bhatia test battery

4. The concept/characteristic observed in the sensorimotor stage of Piaget's cognitive development is ..................
   (1) unidimensional thinking
   (2) object permanence
   (3) problem solving
   (4) logical thinking
5. Usually, the assessment of learning is done during this phase of teaching.
   (1) Post-active phase
   (2) Pre-active phase
   (3) Motivative phase
   (4) Any phase

6. Adolescents are not ..........
   (1) influenced by friends
   (2) sensitive to criticism
   (3) stable
   (4) involved in hero-worship

7. Gradual fading means ..........
   (1) reducing the help on the basis of the progress of the child
   (2) continuing the help irrespective of the progress of the child
   (3) developing the intelligence of the child
   (4) enhancing the help on the basis of the progress of the child

8. As per the National Curriculum Framework–2005, teaching is for ....
   (1) information giving
   (2) the completion of the syllabus
   (3) development of technological skills
   (4) construction of knowledge

W-821/TET-311-EM/TM
9. Law of Effect was proposed by ...........
   (1) I. P. Pavlov
   (2) E. L. Thorndike
   (3) Albert Bandura
   (4) B. F. Skinner

10. One of the following is not the purpose of a group project.
    (1) Speedy learning
    (2) Cooperative learning
    (3) Learner-centered learning
    (4) Active learning

11. A person is not satisfied with his job. He requires the following guidance.
    (1) Family
    (2) Vocational
    (3) Personnel
    (4) Educational

12. Leisure is the right ............
    (1) when there are no exams
    (2) of every child
    (3) of educationally backward children
    (4) of bright children

13. As per the Right to Education Act-2009, the following statement is correct.
    (1) Admission cannot be given after the prescribed period
    (2) Admission can be rejected for want of T.C.
    (3) Admission cannot be rejected for want of T.C.
    (4) Admission cannot be given directly to age appropriate class
14. Mental health is defined as 'the adjustment of individuals to themselves and the world at large with a maximum of effectiveness, satisfaction, cheerfulness and socially considerate behavior and the ability of facing and accepting the realities of life'. This definition was given by..................
(1) Sigmund Freud
(2) Crow and Crow
(3) Raymond B. Cattle
(4) Bernard

15. In the modern context, teaching is considered as..............
(1) an unplanned activity
(2) a science
(3) a spontaneous activity
(4) an art

16. One of the following is an effective motivation for learning:

(1) Learning for avoiding punishment
(2) Learning for rewards
(3) Learning for self satisfaction
(4) Learning for rank

17. 'Children learn to act in accordance with internal ideas rather than impulse' was stated by.............

(1) Chomsky
(2) Vygotsky
(3) Bruner
(4) Piaget
18. For the development of language, nativist perspective was proposed by
(1) Neom Chomsky
(2) Skinner
(3) Piaget
(4) Vygotsky

19. The school of Psychology to which Carl Rogers belongs to is ............
(1) structural
(2) behaviourist
(3) cognitive
(4) humanistic

20. Development follows the ............
(1) Cephalo-Proximal direction
(2) Cephalo-Caudal direction
(3) Cephalo-Distal direction
(4) Proximo-Caudal direction

21. Performing an activity for protecting oneself from emotional stress is known as ............
(1) emotional catharsis
(2) emotional contagion
(3) emotional masks
(4) emotional display

22. One of the following theories which says that the solution to a problem comes out suddenly is called ............
(1) operant conditioning
(2) insight
(3) trial and error
(4) classical conditioning
23. The suitable leadership style for a teacher for creation of a non-threatening learning environment in the classroom would be .......... (1) authoritative (2) autocratic (3) laissez faire (4) democratic

24. One of the following is not a characteristic of programmed learning. (1) Presentation of content is in small steps (2) Learner cannot learn according to his speed (3) Active roles for learners in learning at every step (4) Immediate feedback

25. A student has the habit of writing with his right hand. Due to loss of his right hand in an accident, he used his left hand for writing. It is an example of .......... (1) negative transfer (2) positive transfer (3) bilateral transfer (4) zero transfer

26. A strategy utilized to protect the ego from anxiety and frustration is called .......... (1) defence mechanism (2) adaptation (3) rationalization (4) mental health
27. A school teacher planned to study the development of children over a period of 5 years from class I to V. The appropriate method for conducting this study is ............
   (1) longitudinal study
   (2) cross-sectional study
   (3) case study
   (4) developmental study

28. The memory traces formed in the mind are called ............
   (1) Engram
   (2) Encephalogram
   (3) Cardiogram
   (4) Mamogram

29. One of the developmental tasks during the period of infancy is ............
   (1) socially responsible behavior
   (2) emotional maturity
   (3) to learn to read and write
   (4) to walk

30. Attention, retention, reproduction and reinforcement are the steps of this theory.
   (1) Insight learning
   (2) Social learning
   (3) Trial and error
   (4) Operant conditioning
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<thead>
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| 31.   | `సాగింది` - మార్క్ స్కోర్ అచ్చు     | (1) సాగింది  
       |                                      | (2) సాగింది  
       |                                      | (3) సాగింది  
<pre><code>   |                                      | (4) సాగింది  |
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<tr>
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| 38 | ‘ఆలపికాలు’ అను విభాగాలు వచ్చి వాడాలి సాధనాలు ఉంటాయి       | (1) వస్తుం వండలు          
                              (2) ఓటరు వండలు          
                              (3) విశ్వవిద్యాలయం వండలు         
                              (4) రెండవ వండలు         |
| 39 | ‘ఎంతాంక మాటలు నిర్ణయించాలి’ ఎన్ని విభాగాలు ఉంటాయి     | (1) ఎత్తు వండలు          
                              (2) కందన వండలు          
                              (3) పరిశ్రామ వండలు         
                              (4) లేదా వండలు         |
| 40 |                                                                            |                                                                         |
| 41 | ‘మాతృకలు’ మొదటి ప్రామాణికంగా నిర్ణయించాలి          | (1) స్థానాన్ని ప్రామాణికం చేసి నిర్ణయించాలి         
                              (2) స్థానం నిర్ణయించాలి         
                              (3) స్థానాన్ని ప్రామాణికం చేసి నిర్ణయించాలి         
                              (4) స్థానం నిర్ణయించాలి         |
| 42 |                                                                            |                                                                         |
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| 45 |                                                                            |                                                                         |
| 46 |                                                                            |                                                                         |
| 47 |                                                                            |                                                                         |
| 48 |                                                                            |                                                                         |
49. మనములు లో మనములు నిమిద్ది మనములు
   (1) మనము నిమిద్ది
   (2) మనము నిమిద్ది
   (3) మనము నిమిద్ది
   (4) మనము నిమిద్ది

50. మనము లో మనము తెలుగు కాలము
   (1) మనము తెలుగు
   (2) మనము తెలుగు
   (3) మనము తెలుగు
   (4) మనము తెలుగు

51. మనము లో మనము తెలుగు కాలము పిత్తులు
   (1) మనము
   (2) మనము
   (3) మనము
   (4) మనము

52. మనము లో మనము తెలుగు కాలము పిత్తులు
   (1) మనము
   (2) మనము
   (3) మనము
   (4) మనము

53. మనము లో మనము తెలుగు కాలము
   (1) మనము
   (2) మనము
   (3) మనము
   (4) మనము

54. మనము లో మనము తెలుగు కాలము
   (1) మనము
   (2) మనము
   (3) మనము
   (4) మనము
55. ముఖ్యమైన కారకాలు సహాయకంగా ఉపయోగించాలేందుకు
(1) రాష్ట్రానుకు సంస్థానానుకు
(2) ఉపయోగాన్ని ఉపయోగం
(3) మంచియారి కారకం
(4) మార్గం

56. దానితో సాధనానికి విస్తరించాలని విషయం
- మాత్రమే ప్రతిభాత్మక ప్రదర్శనం
(1) ప్రతిభాన్ని ప్రతిభాన్ని
(2) తానాన్ని లేకపోయిన ప్రదర్శనం
(3) విస్తరించబడిన మార్గం
(4) ప్రతిభాన్ని విస్తరించబడిన మార్గం

58. ముఖ్యమైన కారకాలు సహాయకంగా ఉపయోగించాలేందుకు
(1) రాష్ట్రానుకు సంస్థానానుకు
(2) ఉపయోగాన్ని ఉపయోగం
(3) మంచియారి కారకం
(4) మార్గం

59. దానితో సాధనానికి విస్తరించాలని విషయం
- మాత్రమే ప్రతిభాత్మక ప్రదర్శనం
(1) ప్రతిభాన్ని ప్రతిభాన్ని
(2) తానాన్ని లేకపోయిన ప్రదర్శనం
(3) విస్తరించబడిన మార్గం
(4) ప్రతిభాన్ని విస్తరించబడిన మార్గం

60. 'SIET' - సమాచార
(1) రాష్ట్రానుకు సంస్థానానుకు
(2) ఉపయోగాన్ని ఉపయోగం
(3) మంచియారి కారకం
(4) మార్గం
61. While writing a precis of a passage, you must reduce the passage to ......
(1) one-third its length
(2) half its length
(3) one-fifth its length
(4) one-fourth its length

62. She said to him, "Are you coming with me or not?"
If you report the above sentence correctly, you will get ...........
(1) She told him whether he was coming with him or not.
(2) She asked him whether he was coming with her or not.
(3) She asked to him whether she was coming with him or not.
(4) She said to him if he was coming with her.

63. Identify the meaning of the phrase underlined in the following sentence.
The bus broke down on the ghat road.
(1) stopped due to mechanical failure
(2) stops
(3) met with an accident
(4) was damaged

64. Identify the synonym of the word underlined in the following sentence.
The patient's deteriorating health condition became enigmatic to the doctors as days passed.
(1) chronic
(2) anxious
(3) wobbling
(4) puzzling

65. Identify the antonym of the word underlined in the following sentence.
At school, the boy had an erratic behavior.
(1) ecstatic
(2) incredible
(3) right
(4) fantastic

66. Identify the sentence that contains a noun clause.
(1) How he earns money is a mystery.
(2) Tell me why did you go there?
(3) Inspite of his earning money, no one knows how.
(4) Although he earns money, no one knows how.
67. Identify the part of speech of the word underlined in the following sentence.
He bought a **gold** ring for his wife.
(1) Adjective
(2) Noun
(3) Conjunction
(4) Pronoun

68. Identify the sentence that shows the speaker's past habit.
(1) I had to go to the cinema every day.
(2) I went to the cinema every day.
(3) I go to the cinema every Sunday.
(4) I used to go to the cinema every Sunday.

69. Identify the active form of the sentence.
'She likes being admired.'
(1) She likes to admiring others.
(2) She likes admiring others.
(3) She likes people admiring her.
(4) She would like if she admired others.

70. 'Anil is not taller than Ravi.'
If you change the above sentence, into the positive degree correctly, you will get...........
(1) Ravi is as taller as Anil.
(2) Ravi is at least as tall as Anil.
(3) Ravi is so tall as Anil.
(4) Ravi is taller than Anil.

71. Identify the correct words in the following blanks.
Co-curricular activities must be related -(a) (b) academic work and supplement -(c) .
(1) (a) to, (b) a, (c) those
(2) (a) about, (b) an, (c) them
(3) (a) to, (b) the, (c) it
(4) (a) about, (b) the, (c) these

72. (a) He went to the post office.
(b) He bought some postal stationery.
If you combine the above sentences correctly, you will get:
(1) He went to the post office to bought some postal stationery.
(2) He went to the post office to buy some postal stationery.
(3) He bought some postal stationery, so he went to the post office.
(4) He went to the post office in order to buy some postal stationery.

73. Read the following four parts of a sentence.
(a) For when verse is read aloud
(b) It is the ear
(c) Which is the true test of verse
(d) Not the eye
(e) It sounds different from prose
Now place them in the correct order to make a grammatically correct sentence.
(1) (b) (d) (c) (a) (e)
(2) (b) (c) (d) (a) (e)
(3) (b) (e) (c) (a) (d)
(4) (b) (c) (e) (d) (a)
74. Match the words and their categories.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Words</th>
<th>Categories</th>
</tr>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>(a)</td>
<td>used</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(b)</td>
<td>to be</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(c)</td>
<td>can</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(d)</td>
<td>modal auxiliaries</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(e)</td>
<td>full verb</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(f)</td>
<td>principle auxiliaries</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(a) – (f), (a) – (d), (c) – (e)

75. Identify the correct question tag for the statement.

Ram and his wife put a lot of money in the donation box last year.

(1) Do they? 
(2) Don’t they?
(3) Didn’t they?
(4) Didn’t he?

76. ‘She is too weak to walk.’
If you change the above sentence, into a complex sentence correctly, you will get ..............

(1) She is so weak and so she cannot walk.
(2) She is so weak that she cannot walk.
(3) She is weak but she cannot walk.
(4) She is very weak and she cannot walk.

77. Identify the sentence that contains an adverb clause of concession.

(1) Although he noted down the date, he forgot to attend the meeting.
(2) Note down the date, lest you will forget.
(3) Note down the date, or else you may forget.
(4) Although he noted down the date, but he forgot to attend the meeting.

78. Check the correctness of the two sentences given below.

(a) That company provides equal opportunities to women.
(b) Great is the struggle, and great is also the prize.

(1) Both the sentences are correct.
(2) Both the sentences are wrong.
(3) Sentence (a) is wrong and sentence (b) is correct.
(4) Sentence (a) is correct and sentence (b) is wrong.

79. How do you disagree with the negative statement given below?

Didn’t you receive my e-mail yesterday?

(1) Yes, I didn’t.
(2) No, I didn’t.
(3) Yes, I haven’t.
(4) No, I did.

80. Identify the adjective clause that can replace the underlined part of the following sentence.

They visited a village without any inhabitants.

(1) They, who visited a village, without any inhabitants.
(2) They visited village with no one living there.
(3) They visited village with no inhabitants.
(4) They visited a village where there were no inhabitants.
81 to 84: Read the following passage carefully and answer the questions given below it.

The first thing the children wanted to do at the zoo was to ride an elephant. They were frightened as they climbed the ladder to take their seats on the swaying back of the huge beast. Elephants look like awkward creatures as they move along heavily, their legs covered with loose folds of tough skin and their trunk swinging from side to side in search of food or drink. An elephant has great strength due to which it can drag heavy loads with ropes, but it can also use its trunk to pick up small articles such as coins or nuts from the ground.

81. Where is the elephant?
   (1) At the school
   (2) At a circus
   (3) At the zoo
   (4) At the forest

82. Which word in the passage describes the elephant?
   (1) swaying
   (2) tough
   (3) loose
   (4) awkward

83. What does the elephant use to search for food or drink?
   (1) Its trunk
   (2) Its legs
   (3) Its body
   (4) Its skin

84. Identify the correct statement about an elephant’s skill.
   (1) It cannot move heavy things
   (2) It can pick very small things from the ground
   (3) It can see things at a great distance
   (4) It is a huge beast
85. How many language skills does an educated person learn?
   (1) three
   (2) four
   (3) two
   (4) only one

86. How many sounds are there in the English language?
   (1) forty-four
   (2) forty
   (3) twenty-four
   (4) forty-five

87. Why are some poems included in English Readers?
   (1) To let pupils learn meter and prosody
   (2) To teach poetic words
   (3) To help pupils to identify figures of speech
   (4) To help pupils to read them and enjoy

88. In a language question paper, how much weightage may be given for 'KNOWLEDGE'?
   (1) about 5%
   (2) about 80%
   (3) about 20%
   (4) about 60%

89. To which category does a TV belong as a teaching aid?
   (1) Audio aid
   (2) Audio-visual aid
   (3) Authentic aid
   (4) Visual aid

90. How many syllables are there in the word, matches?
   (1) three
   (2) one
   (3) two
   (4) four
<table>
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</table>
| 91. Krishna river originates near ......... | (1) Varaha hills  
(2) Triyambak  
(3) Mahabaleshwar  
(4) Nandidurga hills |
| 92. An Indian revolutionary who escaped from India to Japan in 1915 was .......... | (1) Bhagat Singh  
(2) Subhas Chandra Bose  
(3) Rajguru  
(4) Rash Behari Bose |
| 93. North America extends between these latitudes. | (1) $7^\circ$ and $83^\circ$ North latitudes  
(2) $20^\circ$ and $80^\circ$ North latitudes  
(3) $8^\circ$ and $80^\circ$ North latitudes  
(4) $5^\circ$ and $60^\circ$ North latitudes |
| 94. The founder of the Chola kingdom was .......... | (1) Rajendra  
(2) Vijayalaya  
(3) Kulottunga  
(4) Raja Raja I |
95. Brihadiswara temple is situated at ................
   (1) Kanchi
   (2) Ellora
   (3) Tanjore
   (4) Madhura

96. Khurram was the title of the Mughal Emperor, ................
   (1) Humayun
   (2) Jahangir
   (3) Aurangzeb
   (4) Shahjahan

97. The first people who discovered a sea route to India were .................
   (1) the Spanish
   (2) the Dutch
   (3) the Portuguese
   (4) the English

98. 'Khondalite' type of quality stone is found in ................
   (1) Khammam
   (2) North Andhra
   (3) Chittoor
   (4) Warangal

99. Radical Democratic Party was established by ................
   (1) Arvind Ghosh
   (2) Dadabhai Naoroji
   (3) Lala Lajapat Rai
   (4) M. N. Roy
100. The native people of the Eurasian tundra are known as ..........
(1) the Eskimos
(2) the Bushmen
(3) the Lapps
(4) the Pygmies

101. Zend Avesta, stands as an important literary work of ..........
(1) ancient Persians
(2) ancient Greeks
(3) ancient Egyptians
(4) ancient Romans

102. John Cabot of England made an attempt to discover sea routes to the countries of ..........
(1) South
(2) West
(3) North
(4) East

103. This is one of the legislative powers of the President of India.
(1) Making treaties with foreign countries
(2) Receiving the Ambassadors
(3) Giving orders to state governments
(4) Issuing ordinances for the welfare of the country
104. The formula of Net National Product (NNP) is ............
   (1) Gross National Product – Net Income from abroad
   (2) Gross National Product – depreciation
   (3) Gross Domestic Product – National Income
   (4) Gross National Product at market price – (R-P)

105. The highest tidal range is recorded at ............
   (1) Bay of Fundy
   (2) Bay of Hudson
   (3) Bay of Comby
   (4) Bay of Bengal

106. The chemical composition of the core layer of the earth is ............
   (1) oxygen and magnesium
   (2) silica and aluminium
   (3) silica and magnesiam
   (4) nickel and iron

107. Lambert and Beardmore are ............
   (1) ice sheets
   (2) glaciers
   (3) cold winds
   (4) ice bergs

108. 'Kavirajamarga' in Kannada language was written by this Rashtrakuta ruler.
   (1) Amoghavarsha
   (2) Dantidurga
   (3) Dhruva
   (4) Kirtivarman
109. The rays of the sun fall vertically on the Tropic of Cancer on the day, ........
(1) June 21
(2) March 21
(3) December 22
(4) September 23

110. The time taken by the earth while rotating across its own axis to cross a distance of one degree interval is ............
(1) 6 minutes
(2) 8 minutes
(3) 2 minutes
(4) 4 minutes

111. The addition symbol '+' (plus symbol), a conventional sign shown on the map indicates a/an ............
(1) well
(2) oil well
(3) spring
(4) mine

112. Visakhapatnam is situated on the railway line ............
(1) Madras–Guntakal
(2) Madras–Kolkata
(3) Bangalore–Hyderabad
(4) Kachiguda–Manmad
113. Subsidiary alliance was first accepted by the native ruler, .......... 
(1) Nawab of Carnatic 
(2) Nawab of Bengal 
(3) Nawab of Hyderabad 
(4) Nawab of Junagadh 

114. The day that is celebrated as a 'National Day' in France every year is ................. 
(1) July 14 
(2) June 21 
(3) July 25 
(4) July 4 

115. The battle that marked the beginning of the establishment of British power in India was ................. 
(1) First Carnatic War 
(2) The Battle of Buxar 
(3) First Mysore War 
(4) The Battle of Plassey 

116. The term 'socialistic state' is included in the preamble of the Indian Constitution through this amendment – 
(1) 44th 
(2) 42nd 
(3) 41st 
(4) 43rd 

(1) జూలియస్ 14 
(2) జూన్ 21 
(3) జూలియస్ 25 
(4) జూలియస్ 4
117. 'Right to set up an association' is an example of ...............
(1) social right 
(2) legal right 
(3) economic right 
(4) political right 

118. River water is an example of ...............
(1) private good 
(2) economic good 
(3) public good 
(4) free good 

119. The price of a product is determined by the interaction of these two things ...............
(1) production and supply 
(2) demand and production 
(3) demand and supply 
(4) supply and consumption 

120. The lines connecting the places receiving equal amounts of temperature are called ...............
(1) isotherms 
(2) isohyets 
(3) isopleths 
(4) isobars
121. Winds blowing from the subtropical high pressure belts to the subpolar low pressure belts are known as ....
(1) seasonal winds
(2) local winds
(3) westerlies
(4) trade winds

122. The weight of the water vapour present in a unit volume of air is called .............
(1) relative humidity
(2) specific humidity
(3) atmospheric humidity
(4) absolute humidity

123. The cyclones in the Gulf of Mexico are called .............
(1) Typhoons
(2) Hurricanes
(3) Cyclones
(4) Willy-Willy

124. The sea that has low salinity is .........
(1) Baltic Sea
(2) Dead Sea
(3) Caspian Sea
(4) Mediterranean Sea

125. 'Doldrums' encircle the earth near the .............
(1) Arctic Circle
(2) Tropic of Cancer
(3) Equator
(4) Antarctic Circle
126. The temperate grasslands of Eurasia are called .......... (1) Prairies (2) Steppes (3) Downs (4) Pampas

127. The principal god of Egyptians during the Bronze age was .......... (1) Rain (2) Pasupati (3) Indra (4) Sun

128. 'Crusades' were fought between .......... (1) Jews and Persians (2) Christians and Jews (3) Christians and Muslims (4) Romans and Greeks

129. Tansen, a famous musician was in the court of the Mughal ruler .......... (1) Jahangir (2) Akbar (3) Humayun (4) Shahjahan

130. The renaissance movement was first started in this country – (1) England (2) France (3) Spain (4) Italy
131. Spinning Jenny was invented by ....
(1) Samuel Crompton
(2) Richard Arkwright
(3) James Hargreaves
(4) Cartwright

132. The time taken by the Constituent Assembly to prepare our Constitution was ............
(1) two years, eleven months, eighteen days
(2) two years, three months, twelve days
(3) two years, six months, thirteen days
(4) two years, eleven months

133. The power to enact laws on the subject, 'agriculture' is vested with this list.
(1) State list
(2) Central list
(3) Residual list
(4) Concurrent list

134. The number of the Lok Sabha seats in Andhra Pradesh are ............
(1) 44
(2) 42
(3) 39
(4) 40
135. This is one of the voluntary functions of the Gram Panchayat.

(1) Maintenance of burial grounds
(2) Supplying drinking water
(3) Encouraging cooperative societies
(4) Arranging electric lights along the roads

136. Microeconomics is also known as

(1) aggregate economics
(2) income theory
(3) expenditure theory
(4) price theory

137. The chairman of the Zilla Parishad is elected by

(1) elected members of Zilla Parishad
(2) directly by the voters
(3) presidents of Mandal Parishad
(4) sarpanches in the districts

138. The formula to calculate the per capita income of the nation is

\[
\frac{\text{National Income}}{\text{Price Index}} \quad \frac{\text{National Income}}{\text{Population}}
\]

\[
\frac{\text{National Income at constant prices}}{\text{Population}} \quad \frac{\text{Population}}{\text{National Income}}
\]
139. The present social studies textbooks of Andhra Pradesh for the classes VI to VIII are prepared by focussing on this approach.

(1) Disciplinary approach
(2) Correlated approach
(3) Spiral approach
(4) Integrated approach

140. The value, 'equality' comes under this dimension.

(1) Democratic value
(2) Cultural value
(3) Moral value
(4) Vocational value

141. After listening to the topic census – 2011, a student was able to prepare various graphs related to that concept. This comes under this objective.

(1) Attitude
(2) Appreciation
(3) Skill
(4) Knowledge

142. This is not one of the four steps for curriculum development in a particular subject of the Ralph Tyler curriculum development model......

(1) Defining the purposes
(2) Selection of activities
(3) Evaluation of the purposes
(4) Organization of experiences related to the purposes
143. 'Diaries' come under this type of source.
(1) Archaeological source
(2) Written source
(3) Oral source
(4) Source of customs and traditions

144. To teach the topic, 'Foreign Policy of India', the most suitable method is .......... 
(1) problem solving method
(2) lecture-demonstration method
(3) discussion method
(4) source method

145. The use of movements in the classroom by the Social Studies teacher comes under this type of teaching skills.
(1) Skills of class management
(2) Skills of communication
(3) Skills of using teaching aids
(4) Skills of interaction

146. This method is suitable at the practice stage of learning.
(1) Project method
(2) Story telling method
(3) Inductive method
(4) Deductive method
147. This is one of the technical factors for social change.
(1) Preparation and execution of plans
(2) Changes in customs and traditions
(3) Population explosion
(4) Development in telecommunication and transport system

148. To teach the topic 'food production in Andhra Pradesh', this chart is more suitable.
(1) Tabulation chart
(2) Genealogy chart
(3) Flow chart
(4) Relationship chart

149. Identify the correct statement.
(1) Evaluation is limited to qualitative description
(2) Evaluation is limited to quantitative description
(3) Measurement is limited to qualitative description
(4) Measurement is limited to quantitative description

150. An ideal test should always measure what it seeks to measure. This characteristic of a test is called as......
(1) objectivity
(2) reliability
(3) validity
(4) practicability